THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

Port Almanac—July 19.

Sun Rises	4.57 A M
Sun Sets	7.14 P M
Day's Length	14 h 17 m
High Water at Southport	4.49 A M
High Water at Wilmington	6.36 P M

The Weather.

U S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., July 19

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 80°; 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 90°; minimum, 75°; mean 82°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date 2.93 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; variable winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There were light rains yesterday in portions of the cotton belt. The temperature ruled high, the average maximum ranging from 94 to 96 degrees. The maximum at the Wilmington station was 90°, Greensboro 92°, Newbern 94°, Charlotte, Goldsboro, Lumberton, Raleigh and Weldon 96°, Cheraw 100°.

OUTLINES.

Wiley Dunn, the negro who murdered J. Martin at Summerville, N. J., on July 2nd, was chased to a swamp by a posse yesterday and killed. —— Grain and Provision Market. —— Record of the base ball games played yesterday. —— A negro hanged in Mississippi for a brutal assault on an aged white woman. —— Spots and Futures Markets. —— Southern railroads—Commissioner E. B. Stahlman declines re-election. —— Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America—Ten thousand people in attendance; addresses of welcome. —— Fighting in Formosa between the Japanese and Black Flags. —— Free silver convention at Griffin, Ga.—Great gathering of Democrats; resolutions passed ratifying the platform adopted at the Memphis Bimetallic Convention. ——N. Y. market s: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent. and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¼ cents; middling uplands 7 cents; Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2.30@3.10; good to choice do $3.10@3 90; wheat quiet and easier; No 2 red in store and at elevator 69¾c, afloat 70@70¾c; corn firm; No. 2 at elevator 48¾c; afloat 49¾c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady; rosin dull and steady.

A contemporary asks, Is there an Adlai boom? If there is it hasn't got out of the tall grass yet.

Queen Victoria is opposed to the new woman advancing too fast. Perhaps she objects to her riding a bicycle.

The manufacturers of textile machinery in Philadelphia will have big exhibits of their work at the Atlanta exposition. They have their eyes on Dixie.

The King of Greece is a useful sort of a monarch. He turns farmer in the summer time, plows, cuts and binds wheat, and perspires just like other field hands.

Two Chicago aldermen are under indictment charged with attempting to blackmail icemen. For a sample of coolness this will do for even a Chicago alderman.

The street cars of Sacramento, Cal., are now run by electricity, generated at Folsom, on the American River, twenty-four miles from the city. The city will be lighted in the same way.

The *Brewers Journal*, of England, says English syndicates have $91,000,000 invested in American breweries, on which they draw dividends of 9 per cent., or $8,190000 per annum, every dollar of which goes into English coffers.

Some men can be made real useful sometimes. A woman who runs a little shop in London escapes paying a license tax by letting her husband go to jail to serve out the legal term for non-payment of taxes. He gets his board free and the shop goes tax free. She has been successfully running that racket for fourteen years.

The President of the Swiss Republic has a nice little job on hand. He has been chosen arbitrator by Brazil and France in the dispute about the ownership of Amapa. The boundary line has been a subject of contention for 300 years. Unless real estate is very valuable down there it might have been settled long before this.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 97. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,803

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Ghosts seem to be credible witnesses in Indiana, where friends are now circulating a petition for the pardon of a young man sentenced to the penitentiary for the murder of another young man, the story being that the ghost of the slain man appeared to his mother and told who did the killing. The accused was arrested and convicted. The Indiana jury couldn't understand why the ghost should come back and lie about it, and as the veracity of the ghost was unquestioned it stood unimpeached. If all ghosts were as thoughtful and accommodating as this one was, it would save the detectives a good deal of perplexity and nosing around, and clear up a great many mysteries that they never catch on to.

Some one who called on Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, found him reading the ante-obituaries which appeared in the papers during his late illness, and his conclusion was that the Georgians "liked him a great deal better dead than alive." It isn't every man who enjoys the privilege of finding out what people think of him after he is dead.

A German statesman who has been studying up the Friday unlucky day business comes to the rescue of Friday and shows that Monday is the unlucky day. Now you can go fishing on Friday, if you want to, and feel comfortable.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. H. FISHBLATE—Clothing.
STEDMAN & WORTH—Insurance.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

T. C. CRAFT—Furniture.
FOR RENT—Cottage on Sound.
CLAYTON & GILES—House to rent.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Irvin Galloway is sick and confined to his room.

— Mr. Norwood V. Gause is sick and confined to his home.

— Miss Ruth Harris is visiting Miss Sallie Hill, at Faison.

— Mrs. Phillip F. Platt is in the city on a visit to Mrs. John T. Platt.

— Mr. Robert Taylor, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting his parents here.

— Miss Pearl Wescott has returned from visiting friends at Southport.

— Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Wells have returned from a visit to friends at Darlington, S. C.

— Will C. French, of Greensboro, representing N. P. Fairbanks & Co., is here on a visit.

— Miss Annie Blount DeRosset has gone to Atlantic City, N. J., on a visit to relatives.

— Miss Nannie McDaniel, of Whiteville, is in the city visiting friends.

A Gretna Green Affair.

— Mrs. Walker, of this city, is quite sick at the home of her son, Mr. Platt D. Walker, in Charlotte.

— Mr. Hugh W. Turrentine, who has been sick with fever for the past month, was out again yesterday.

— Mr. J. B. Cranmer, of Southport, has accepted a position temporarily with Mr. Robt. R. Bellamy, druggist.

— Mrs. S. Blake Willsden, of Chicago, is here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Altaffer, 710 Chesnut street.

— Mr. P. T. Lloyd, who recently removed to Chadbourn with the immigrants that settled near there, was in the city yesterday.

— Maxton *Chief*: Two very little Wilmington girls, Edith and Alice Craft, are visiting the Kinsey girls at their home on Main street.

— Mrs. McCormac and daughter, Miss Alice, of Maxton, who have been visiting the family of Mr. Wm. Gilchrist, her brother, returned home yesterday.

— Miss Grace Ahrens, of Charlotte, who has been visiting Misses Maggie and Mattie Strauss at Ocean View, returned home on account of the illness of her mother.

Miss F. L. Thomas and Mr. J. H. Glenn, both of Rockingham, N. C., were married yesterday at 10 o'clock a. m., by Justice Jno. J. Fowler, in his office on Princess street.

— Messrs. J. Gerome, Raleigh; J. S. Hartsell, Goldsboro; E. A. Muse, North Carolina; C. T. Bland, Wharton; L. M. Thompson, Southport; J. F. Robertson, J. F. Robertson, Jr., Charlotte; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; J. C. McCraw, North Carolina; J. W. Johnson, F. F. Covington, were among the arrivals yesterday.

N. C. PRESS ASSOCIATION.

In Session at Greensboro—Officers elected —Will Visit Morehead City To-day.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 18.—Matters of interest to State newspapers were discussed to-day by the Press Association. The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President C. L. Stevens, Southport *Leader*; Vice Presidents, W. F. Marshall, Gastonia *Gazette*; W. W. McDiarmid, Lumberton *Robesonian* and Editor Jacobson Washington *Progress*; Secretary, J. B. Sherrill; Orator, W. C. Dowd, of the Charlotte *News*; Poet, Hal W. Ayer, of the *Caucasian*; Historian, Editor Kernodle, Graham *Gleaner*. The editors went to Guilford battle gaound this afternoon on a special train, and will leave for Morehead tomorrow.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair, light variable winds.

— Capt. Black of the steamer *Lisbon* reports the water in Black river rising.

— The Second Regiment Band, of Charlotte, having exhausted its wind, has disbanded.

— There was 5.7 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Wednesday at 8 a. m.; a rise of about 2 inches since previous report.

— Our Raleigh letter did not come to hand. The Southern train from Raleigh was too late to make connection at Goldsboro.

— It was real nice in Judge Timberlake to reduce the fine of $10,000 and costs imposed on the Raleigh Water Works to "one penny and costs."

— The steamer *Frank Sessoms* brought a party of colored excursionists to the city yesterday. They visited the seashore and left for home last evening.

— Mr. Isaac M. Bear will occupy the store on Front street next north of Mr. J. C. Munds's pharmacy, where he will open a new stock of dry goods on or before October 1st.

— There will be a game of base ball at the Hammocks this afternoon, played by Wilmington team No. 2 and the Wrightsville club. The game will be called at 4:30 o'clock.

— There will be music for dancing, by a string band, at Carolina Beach this afternoon and evening. The steamer *Wilmington* will make the return trip to the city, leaving the Beach at 9.30 o'clock.

— Senator Morgan delivered an able speech in favor of free coinage at the Griffin convention yesterday. The STAR received an advance copy by mail, but, if printed in full, it would occupy about 2½ pages of the STAR.

— How fortunate for Wilmington that Dr. Maynard was not permitted to remain in charge of the quarantine station at Southport. It may be doubted if he knows the difference between a case of yellow fever and one of appendicitis.

— Rev. M. A. Adams, pastor of the Baptist church at Reidsville, N. C., is holding a series of interesting meetings in the Southside Baptist church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets. The services this morning will begin at 8.15 o'clock.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—74 casks spirits turpentine, 184 bbls rosin, 84 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—88 casks spirits turpentine, 155 bbls rosin, 24 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—67 casks spirits turpentine, 244 bbls rosin.

Steamer Daggett—4 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—19 casks spirits turpentine.

Flats—6 casks spirits turpentine, 24 bbls rosin, 2 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 254 casks; rosin, 557 bbls; tar, 114 bbls; crude turpentine, 41 bbls.

The T.x Ordinance.

The Board of Audit and Finance and chairmen of committees of the Board of Aldermen met in conference yesterday to consider the tax levy for 1895. An agreement was reached and the tax ordinance will be prepared and submitted to the Board of Aldermen at their next meeting. The tax on real estate and personal property, it is said, will be 1¾ cents on the $100 valuation.

Magistrate's Court.

Ella Robinson, colored, charged with assault on Lula Carpenter, colored, with a knife, was committed to jail by Justice Bunting in default of $50 bond for her appearance before the next term of court for New Hanover county.

Mary Lawrence, colored, charged with assault and battery on Mary Smith, colored, was found guilty, but released on payment of costs.

Work on the Bar.

The Southport *Leader* says: "The U. S. dredge *Cape Fear* continues to do most satisfactory work on the bar, the best day's record so far being 2,988 cubic yards of sand. The dredge's best record for a single load is 338 cubic yards in 27 minutes. Capt. Crawford expects to exceed 3,000 cubic yards for a day's work."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Colored Base Ball Teams.

Wilmington's colored team, Schenk's Black Stockings, defeated the Red Stockings, of Newbern, yesterday afternoon at Hilton Park, by a score of nineteen to four. It was a very good game; and the Wilmington team was far superior in batting.

Gone to Baltimore.

M. C. Richardson, Esq., solicitor for this judicial district, has gone to Baltimore for surgical treatment. He will not be able to be present at Duplin court, which convenes August 5th, but expects to look after the other courts in the district.

MARRIAGE IN BRUNSWICK.

Miss Lillian Sanders Johnson and Rev. Lowndes Walthour Curtis.

An occasion of unique interest was the marriage of Rev. Lowndes Walthour Curtis to Miss Lillian Sanders Johnson, on Wednesday, July 17, at 8 o'clock, at New Hope Presbyterian Church. The groom has been popular and beloved in the community for the three years in which he has ministered there in his Summer vacation. The bride was the lovely daughter of Mr. Jackson Johnson, through whose efforts the church was organized and erected, and she has herself been the life of every movement for the welfare of the church and the good of the community. Her beautiful character and unselfish life, her refined and cultivated mind and attractive person, made her one in whose happiness the whole community rejoiced; but whose departure to a distant land they cannot but lament.

This was the first marriage in the new church, and loving hands had made the pretty interior yet prettier by decorations of palmettoes and other evergreens. Long before the appointed hour the church was filled, and several drove their vehicles up to the windows, making an impromptu extension of its seating capacity. While Miss Julia Harriss, of Wilmington, played the Wedding March, from Lohengrin, the ushers, Messrs. Daniel Johnson, Wm. Sanders, Edward Taylor and Foster Pridgen, proceeded up the aisle, followed by two little girls, Alice Johnson and Alice Pridgen, scattering roses. They were followed by the maid of honor, Miss Kate Johnson, who preceded the bride, leaning on her father's arm. Mr. Curtis approached from the side with his best man, Mr. Edwin T. Huggins. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., assisted by Rev. A. D. McClure. An old fashioned country wedding was held at Winnabow, Mr. Johnson's home, where young and old enjoyed themselves to a late hour.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis will leave next Tuesday for Nashville, Tenn., to visit his family, and will sail from New York on the steamship *Mohawk*, August 17th. Their journey will take them through the Mediterranean and the Suez Canal to India. And it may be five months before they reach the field of their labor in North Laos, Siam. Miss Johnson and Mr. Curtis had both directed their lives to missionary work before they were providentially thrown together. Their friends will follow them with their best wishes and prayers.

The Monitor Amphitrite.

A press dispatch to the STAR last night says that a telegram was received at the Navy Department announcing the sailing of the monitor *Amphitrite* from Hampton Roads to Brunswick, Ga., where she goes to take the Georgia naval militia for a practice cruise. From Brunswick, she will go to Charleston, S. C., where she will take on board the Charleston, Mount Pleasant and Beaufort militia divisions, about 150 men. Next she will visit Wilmington, where she will take on six divisions of the North Carolina Naval militia. This programme will occupy until August 8th after which she will sail to New York to join the North Atlantic squadron.

Raiding Residences.

Raids upon residences in the city left vacant by families sojourning at the seaside are reported. The residences of Messrs. N. B. Rankin, T. C. DeRosset, F. B. Lippitt and Norwood Giles were entered Tuesday night, and a few small articles were taken from each. The residence of Mr. C. W. Polvogt on Princess street was also visited, and the furniture in several of the rooms was overturned and thrown about.

A thief tried to enter Mr. W. D. Huhn's residence, near the corner of Sixth and Queen streets Tuesday night, but was detected by Mr. Huhn and driven away.

Broom Corn.

Major C. W. McClammy, of Scott's Hill, was in the city yesterday and showed the STAR a sample of broom corn raised on his farm. This product has heretofore been grown in the West almost exclusively, and is a new adventure in this section. The stalk shown was fourteen feet, and the part used in the manufacture of brooms three feet in length, and of superior quality; better than the Western growth.

Mr. H. E. Bonitz is also in the business and has a crop of broom corn on his farm near Goldsboro.

She Charms Them.

The Maxton *Chief* says:

"Mrs. Mildred Radcliffe, a charming young widow of Wilmington, who is making an extended visit to Mrs. W. B. Harker, on last Friday evening gave a delightful reception to a number of her most intimate friends. Music—instrumental and vocal, social converse and repartee, refreshments, etc., filled the evening full to overflowing. One of the very small hours saw the happy company separate for their homes. Mrs. Radcliffe entertains most charmingly."

To-night at the Opera House.

The entertainment which will be given to-night by a class from the Oxford Orphan Asylum, will consist of music, singing and recitations by well trained performers, and it should be well patronized. It is hoped that there will be a good attendance and hearty encouragement given the children and the noble charity they represent. The price of admission is only 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

THE LATE LEGISLATURE

MORE GLARING ERRORS IN LAWS DISCOVERED.

The Railroad Commissioners in Session—Hearing Complaints in Regard to Assessments.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 18.

Another glaring error has been discovered in the laws of the Douglass Memorial Association, in regard to the charter of the town of Columbus, chapter 354 Private Laws, 1895. After the usual form of charter has been printed, together with the ratifying clause, the proceedings of a town meeting are given in full, asking for the charter, the chairman, secretary and other officers of said meeting, what they did and said, and after authorizing Mr. Morris to draw up a charter, it goes on to say that the law, meeting and all were "ratified March 19th 1895." At the end of the index both of the Private and Public Laws there is a note saying that the present State printers took the work at page 113. That page in the Private Laws, as will be seen on inspection, is right in the middle of a long Act, while in the Public Laws, curiously enough, it is found they took up the much-talked of Revenue Act. There are parallel columns of Justices of the Peace; one as certified to by the Secretary of State and the other as corrected and printed by the State Printers.

There was a meeting of the Railroad Commissioners to-day for hearings in regard to assessments made on railroads. Mr. R. N. Page, Treasurer of the Aberdeen and West End Railroad, appeared before the Commission in regard to the assessments made upon that road, asking the Commission to reduce the same. The Commissioners took the matter under advisement. Major John D. Shaw, of Rockingham, again appeared before the Commission in behalf of the Seaboard system, asking a reduction for that line, which will also have the consideration of the Commission.

A MONSTER ARENA.

Over 52,000 Persons Can See Corbett and Fitzsimmons in the Big Fight.

[*New York World.*]

There is nothing about the movements of the men who are getting up this big championship glove contest to indicate that they are worried in the slightest degree over the manifesto of the Attorney-General of Texas, or the alleged uprising of the moral element of the Lone Star State against the project. On the contrary, Dan. A. Stewart (he does not call himself Daniel), who is the prime mover in the scheme, and who is to take one-half of the entire profits or pay an equal proportion of the losses, is proceeding quietly with the details, apparently unmindful of the efforts of the State's legal adviser to throw cold water in his direction.

Dan Mitchell looks like a business man and acts like one, too. For six months he has been working on this fight. Before he visited New York the contracts for the erection of a monster amphitheatre were completed, and he returned to Dallas with several railroad contracts in his pocket. Now the big building is started and the tickets are out. Within a week offices will be opened in the big cities and bookings for seats may be made.

This establishes beyond a doubt that Dan Stewart is an up-to-date manager. Madison Square Garden is a pretty big place, but the Dan Stewart Building, if the architects plans are faithfully carried out, will seat ten times as many persons as can be accommodated in the boxes, arena and balconies of the New York amphitheatre. Dan Stewart does not expect to crowd the house. It would take 52,518 customers to bring this about. He believes, however, in being fully prepared for a rush.

Ten dollars has been fixed upon as the price of the cheapest seats. The next come at $20, and the boxes are $40, unless there is a mark-down sale. If the seats should all be sold the gross receipts should amount to the neat sum of $1,235,244.94, without counting Mr. "One Eyed" Connelly's usual contribution. This is a trifle more than Mme. Patti ever realized from a single concert. Dan Stewart is not a dreamer, however. He'll be satisfied if 8,000 sports buy tickets.

THE COTTON CROP.

It is Not the Present Price, But the Price After October That the Planters Are Interested In.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says: "As usually happens at this time of the year there exists considerable difference of opinion on the subject of the condition of the cotton crop. It is agreed on all sides that the acreage has been reduced, although the extent of the reduction is variously estimated, but on its condition a very wide and radical difference of views exists. For nearly a month past there have been reports of excessive rains in Texas and in other parts of the cotton belt. The bulls declare that these excessive rains have greatly damaged cotton by putting the fields badly in the grass, and, of some instances, causing abandonment of crops. On the other hand, another section of operators hold that the rains have done no damage, and that, although heavy, they have not been continuous, allowing intervals of sunshine, during which it has been possible to clear up the fields. Just which Picayune does not presume to say. The next six weeks will develop results which will afford a much better indication of the crop, but in the meantime the discussion is of little practical benefit to the farmers, who are little interested in the price cotton sells at during this season, when the entire crop has passed out of their hands. They are much more concerned to know what the price will be after October, when their new crop will be ready for market. In the meantime the producers are quite willing to permit the speculators to manipulate the market to suit their own pleasure, provided the prices during the busy season respond to the actual facts as developed by the harvesting of the crop."

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

DIED.

WOODWARD—Yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, EUNICE CORA, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Woodward, and grand-daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Worth, aged 10 years 4 months and 8 days.

The funeral will take place from residence, No. 210 North Second street this afternoon at 6 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

Pants to Order $3.00.

Suits to Order $12 50.

Outing Goods

Make an outing, which depends upon your outfit and where you take it. Wherever you take yours you should have (a No. 1) outfit, selected from our stock. We can supply you with everything from A to Z on the list, and you'll make the mistake of your life if you don't call at my store and see Goods before buying your outfit. The quality, style and value of everything we carry puts all competitors far in the rear, and we cap the climax of magnificent superiority with such prices as Men's Bathing Suits (Jersey) for $1.00 and $2.50.

White Duck Pants made to order for $1.75.

Light Weight Blue Serge Suits for $13.50, made to order.

All Wool Honey Comb Sweaters, worth $3.00 for $2.50.

All Wool Sweaters $1.50.

Collars, Cuffs, Ties, &c., a specialty.

A few Ladies' Chemisettes left over from my Dry Goods stock selling for 10c each.

Come and see me.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,

July 18 tf

$250,000

To lend on any good security at minimum rates in amounts varying from $100.00 to $10,000.00 by the

Atlantic National Bank,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

With unsurpassed facilities for handling your business in every department of Banking, we solicit your account.

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, D. L. Gore, S. P. McNair, Sam'l Bear, Jr., J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., W. E. Springer, C. W. Worth, E. J. Powers, H. L. Vollers, M. J. Heyer, G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

jy 10 tf

SAVINGS DEPOSITORS

of New England.

STATE.	Total Savings Deposits.	No. of Depositors.	Average Amount to Each Depositor.
Vermont	$23,636,516	99,239	$235 20
Maine	47,781,195	140,521	340 03
N. Hampshire	65,727,010	159,769	411 35
Connecticut	116,406,975	305,951	380 47
Massachusetts	369,320,305	1,131,309	326 67
New York	974,659,979	1,477,819	388 20

If you will deposit twenty-five cents per day with us there will be to your credit, at the end of five years, an amount greater than the average deposit in any of these States. Don't you think it is worth an effort?

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

jy 10 tf

WE HAVE A Tooth Brush That We Sell Three for 25 Cts

AS GOOD AS MOST BRUSHES you pay a quarter for. Nice to take travelling.

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.

Je 25 tf

Concert Friday Evening

AT THE

OPERA HOUSE,

Consisting of music and recitation by a singing class from the Oxford Orphan Asylum.

Admission—Adults 25 cents; children 15 cents. jy 18 2t

Nursery Stock.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APpointed Agent of the Mount Hope Nursery, of Rochester, N. Y., for this district, to solicit orders for all nursery stock, will canvass the city and explain the nature of all shrubberies, seeds and fruits. Sold by Ellwanger & Barry, Proprietors of the largest Nurseries in the United States. All stock guaranteed. The undersigned being a resident of this city and a land scape gardner, will give all stock his personal attention.

JOHN KNIGHT,
The Land Scape Gardner.

jy 18 tf

A GREAT STOCK

—AT—

FISHBLATE'S One Price Clothing House.

Men's All-wool Suits,

Sewed with Silk, $5, up.

Children's Sailor Suits,

$1.00.

Children's All-wool Suits, $1 up.

It is not our aim, nor has it ever been, to sell cheap Clothing.

If there is one thing we do avoid, it is "Shoddy Goods."

If you buy from us, remember—"Your money back if you want it."

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

may 26 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.

E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.

M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.

B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.

SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.

A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.

J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.

HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

25 Per Cent. Discount This Week

ON ACCOUNT OF

Removal SALE.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 MARKET ST.

We Move October 1 to No. 9 Front St.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

AGENTS FOR

Wheeler & Wilson NEW No. 9 Sewing Machine.

july 14 tf

Anchor Lime

IS THE

Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,

MOLASSES,

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

MEAT, LARD, &c.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 12 tf

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE SUperior Court of New Hanover county, I will, as administrator of the estate of Mrs. Sallie F. Emett, sell at the Court House, on Saturday, July 20th, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., to the highest bidder for cash, one House and Lot, situated on Chestnut street between Ninth and Tenth, north side, and next east of Mrs. Eva B. Register. Lot 50x50 feet. R. M. McINTIRE, July 9th, 1895. Administrator. July 9 10t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6.00 per year, $3.00 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 13 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1895

HOW IT HAMPERS THE SOUTH.

The same men who are in favor of the gold standard and of what they call "sound money," are as a rule also opposed to the State banks. They gratuitously assume that gold is the only sound money, an assumpwhich they have no ground for and which will of course not be conceded by anyone who knows anything about the monetary history of this country, for silver and gold are both the money of the Constitution, the only money known to the Constitution, and both were equally recognized until the fraud of 1873 degraded silver and made it a subordinate money metal. The whole country suffered from this, but the South suffered incalculably. The West suffered, too, but not so much.

Do you ask how it was that the South suffered so much more than other sections? Thus: The bonds issued during and after the war were held, with the exception of about $400,000,000, which were held in Europe mainly by the Rothschilds, by the capitalists and the people of the North and West. But a very small portion of them were held by the people as distinguished from the capitalists. These bonds became the capital of the national banks and they were used for establishing banks in the North and West, and thus the money centers of the North were established. The South had no bonds to bank on, and every bank started in the South was started on bonds bought at a premium, so that a hundred thousand dollar bank, say, cost the men who started it one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. This being the case, of course interest had to rate high to make the investment pay.

Into the West there was a stream of immigration pouring, the immigrants bringing with them more or less money; lands were opened to cultivation; railroads were built and towns were founded, which rapidly grew into cities.

But the South had none of this, few banks, little or no immigration, but little money, and what she did in the way of development and upbuilding had to be done with her own limited capital, which her workers earned, save the lesser portion which was invested by capitalists from other sections. If there had been free coinage of silver, and the right had been restored to the people to establish their own banks the silver would have flowed into the South as the most inviting field for investment, it would have been used as capital, and the basis for issuing State bank notes and we would have had all the circulating medium we needed. Then we wouldn't be using argument, figures and eloquence to prevail upon the capitalists of the North to come and help us develop our resources and build up our industries, and the naturally most richly endowed section of the earth would not be hampered for money to open mines, build furnaces and factories, or turn wheels. What she has done of this, and under the circumstances she has done marvellously well, she has done with the money earned by industrious effort and without any legislative favoritism.

The money centers of the North are opposed not only to the free coinage of silver, but to any coinage of silver, and to any recognition of it as money further than as a subsidiary or token coin, to be used simply for convenience in making change, and they would limit us to gold as the money of final redemption, which means that gold is to be the *only* true money.

Where is the South to get gold? The money monarchs of the North and the money monarchs of Europe control the gold as they controlled the Government bonds at the end of the war, and the South would be dependent upon them for every dollar she got. They could corner the gold supply easier than the "Big Four" of Chicago can corner the beef supply; and they can do that whenever they put their heads together, as they did a few months ago.

They are also opposed to State banks for they would destroy the national bank monopoly of the paper currency, would make the South independent of them, and enable her to move on in the march of industrial development without asking aid from them or Northern capitalists. The North which has secured control of the volume of the currency can get along without any more money and being the money-lending section favors a contraction rather than an expansion of the volume, but to the South more money is a matter of vital importance and the coinage of silver and State banks a matter of supreme necessity. With these within ten years this would be the section of humming activities and prosperity which would eclipse anything ever seen in this country.

MINOR MENTION.

England is held up as a sort of industrial and financial exemplar for other nations, and yet in some respects there are few nations that show less thrift than England. Her energies seem to have been directed to developing her manufactures and expanding her commerce, to the neglect of her agriculture and nearly everything else. Part of this arises from the fact that her real estate is owned by about 30,000 families, some of them owning immense possessions, much of which is held as game preserves and pleasure grounds, and is practically useless for food production. In addition to this is the landlord system which prevails there, as well as in Ireland and Scotland, which exacts a rental from the tenant which has driven thousands of people from the country into the towns, because they can't raise enough on the land to pay the rent and support their families with anything like comfort, and under the tenant system there is no encouragement to improve the land. And for this reason thousands of acres have been abandoned and now produce nothing. If the landlord system were abolished, these great estates divided up and sold to the people, and the lands were properly cultivated, the British isles could not only produce food enough to feed their own people but have a surplus to ship. As it is the people of these isles would starve to death if they had to depend upon their own soil and their own efforts. Not to speak of the wheat, flour, corn, meal, meat, &c., which they import, they buy annually over $65,500,000 worth of butter; nearly $18,500,000 worth of eggs; nearly $2,500,000 worth of poultry; nearly all of which is supplied by neighboring European countries and Australia, scarcely more than one per cent. of the dairy products being supplied by this country.

* * *

One of the arguments against the coinage of silver dollars is that they can't be kept in circulation, but find their way back into the U. S. Treasury and sub-treasuries notwithstanding the efforts of the Secretary of the Treasury to put them in circulation, efforts which we are assured by some of the gold standard organs are being earnestly and continuously made. These efforts consist in sending out to manufacturers and others who desire them such amounts of silver dollars as they may ask for, which they pay to their workmen, but instead of remaining in circulation these silver dollars go into the local banks and from these are sent back to the sub-treasuries. As a general thing paper is preferable to coin, either gold or silver, for circulation, because it is more convenient, and for that reason very little gold is found in actual circulation. As between the two metals there is more silver in actual circulation than gold. But when silver goes into the banks instead of making an effort to keep it in circulation the banks send it back to the sub-treasuries because they are desirous of making it appear that no more silver dollars are wanted. If the Secretary of the Treasury used the discretionary power vested in him by law and redeemed the greenbacks and other notes in silver he would not find so much difficulty in getting it into and keeping it in circulation.

* * *

Free wool seems to be panning out pretty well, not only for the people who have to buy woollen fabrics, but for the manufacturers, who can sell cheaper and sell more, and for the wool growers, who find a larger demand for their wool. In fact the lurid predictions of the high-tariff, anti-free-wool prophets are all knocked out by the actual facts. Our woollen mills have not only all they can do, some of them working a double force of hands, and running day and night, but there have been thirty-eight new mills built and projected within the past year, which is a little over double as many as were built under the last year of the McKinley tariff with its high protection on woollen manufactures and taxed wool. Wool has advanced two cents a pound within the past few weeks, the indications being that prices will go still higher, while the wages of operatives in the woollen factories continue to advance, with indications that they will go still higher. And one of the best features of the whole business is that our manufacturers are not confining themselves to the home market as they did under the McKinley tariff, but are reaching out for new markets and are trying to compete with European manufacturers on their own ground.

It is only the female mosquito which bites, the male being an inoffensive sort of a fellow who confines himself strictly to his domestic duties, and can't be persuaded to enter a human habitation. As the mosquito is a vegetarian scientists can't understand why the female should delight in gore, and attribute it to pure, downright cussedness. Whether this be so or not her pranks are responsible for a good deal of impromptu phraseology.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— It is proper to say that were last year's election to be held over again next November its results would be reversed by majorities more phenomenal than those of 1895. Some voters grow crazy sometimes, but the great majority recover from their fits of insanity with a generous determination to undo all the wrong they have done while the fit lasted.—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

—— There is a Prohibition party in this State, but how many votes do you suppose it casts? Last November its vote was 23,525. How does it happen that such a party, pitiful as to its numbers and contemptible as to its intelligence, should be able to get its principles enforced one day in seven in a city of 1,800,000 people? Here is a conundrum for political philosophers. —*N. Y. Journal, Dem.*

—— The factional fight in the Republican party goes merrily on, and, as both parties express themselves thoroughly satisfied with the situation and confident of victory, all are presumably happy. When the days for lying have passed, however, and the returns are all in, one faction or the other will be sure to lose temper over the result. It is in such emergencies that the Democrats occasionally carry off the plums of office. If they are not likely to do so this year, it is only because they also appear to be determined to commit harikari out of mere spitefulness.—*Phil, Ledger, Ind.*

—— Long residence in Cluny Castle has not tempered the intense Americanism of Mr. Andrew Carnegie in some matters. He has written to the editor of the *Engineering Review*, of London, giving in a few sentences his opinion of British railroads; and this is what he says on one point: "It would pay Great Britain to make a bonfire of her equipment, both freight and passenger, and charge its replacement, on the American model, to the national debt." This is an extreme expression of an opinion which is held in milder form by most of the intelligent observers of railroads both at home and abroad. Our railroads lead the world in locomotives, cars and—watered stocks.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Laurinburg *Exchange*: Mr. Dan'l W. Livingston, aged 60 years, died at his home in the Spring Hill neighborhood last Saturday night.

—Whiteville *News*: The death of Miss Sallie Howell occurred at the home of Mrs. Rachael Baldwin in this town last Wednesday evening. She had been a great sufferer for several years.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The rice crop of this county this year is not as large as usual.——We regret very much to learn of the assignment of Messrs. Hall & Lancaster, dealers in general merchandise, made to Mr. D. W. Cox Monday. Liabilities about $1,000.

— Alamance *Gleaner*: A house belonging to Mr. Berry Jones, on the road from here to Haw river was destroyed by fire one afternoon last week. It was occupied by a colored woman who had gone away and locked up her children. But for the timely arrival of help the children would have been burned up.

— Jacksonville *Times*: Mr. Herman Bell, an employe of the Parmele-Eccleston Company, had the misfortune last Friday to be struck a violent blow by the iron lever used in setting logs, which it appears had not been placed in its proper position. The lever struck Mr. Bell in the mouth, breaking three teeth and shivering the jaw bone. —— Mr. C. Koonce, of Richlands, while delving in marl, had the fortune to unearth portions of the petrified remains of some pre-historic animal of vast proportions. One of the best preserved specimens is of a tooth which measured six inches from top of the tooth to the end of the roots, and five inches by three and a half inches across the top of same.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. George Hair went into his crib in Honeycutt's township before good daylight one morning last week to shuck some corn. He had not put on his shoes, and one of the first things he stepped on after getting into the crib was a rattle snake's pilot, a venomous snake, which bit him severely on the foot. A live chicken was split open and applied to the bite. The snake was killed and pieces of it were also applied to the wound. Other local remedies were tried, but Mr. Hair grew worse and could be heard complaining for nearly a mile, so acute was his suffering. Dr. J. A. Stephens was called in and administered remedies which gave the suffering man relief.

TWINKLINGS

— In ancient Rome two augurs could not meet each other without laughing. But two bores could.—*Texas Siftings.*

— Why worry whether the Prince comes here on a visit or not? There are as good whales in the sea as ever were caught.—*Philadelphia Times.*

— Patient—The heat is so oppressive I fear I feel like committing suicide.

Doctor—Oh, that would never do. As I said before, my friend, what you need is a change.—*Life.*

— Servant (applying for place)—And I shall want all day Sunday off, mum.

Mistress—All day Sunday! Whatever do you mean?

Servant—Well, you see, mum, I go cycling on Sundays with my young man. (Not engaged.)—*Judy.*

— Host—Never shall I forget the time when I first drew this sword.

Chorus—When was that?

Host—At a raffle.—*Firefly.*

— "How did you come to lose your position?"

"I had trouble with my eyes."

"Sight failing?"

"No; I got them blacked in a barroom row and the boss heard of it."—*Buffalo Express.*

SWEET MEMORIES.

THE MELODY GRANDMOTHER SANG FIFTY YEARS AGO.

"As I Lay My Heart on Your Dead Heart, Douglas, Douglas, Tender and True." When Old Age Recalls the Dreams of the Past as Visions, There Is Tragedy.

Three generations sat in the soft glow of the deep crimson lamp shade that mellowed everything in the little parlor. There was one daughter seated at the piano, singing sweet and low. She most of all was glorified by the ruddy rays from the translucent paper that fell over her. There was the mother, and beside her sat the mother's mother, near the circumference of the halo, the one listening with a glow of pride, the other, to whom the girl's voice was new —the grandmother was a visitor at the house—listening as one who hears a voice calling in a lonesome place. She sat there thinking, thinking, thinking, did this dear old soul, of a day when she, too, had sat at the piano herself, so proudly, and had sung the tender ballads of that bygone day with a voice full of passion, a deep contralto voice, one that touched the heart in its most sacred depths, when the strong, clear notes were struck and then broke into a pleading tremolo in the upper register. Fifty years ago that grandam's voice had thrilled hearts now dust, or worse than dust—hearts that were numb to tender things—and there was borne in the burden of her songs one message, that of love—even before her heart had known its meaning her voice had spoken love. The voice of the girl sitting at the piano was like her grandmother's had been. It hunted chords in the hearts of those who heard her and set them pulsing in echo to her own sweet longing that could find no words. God only knows what long, silent, rusted chords she touched with her resonant voice, did this child, in her grandmother's soul.

She sang the simple ballads of the day—"Last Night," "The Clang of the Wooden Shoon," "Marguerite"—and as she sang her mother, to whom the singing was an old story, slipped out of the room—taking all her years with her perhaps—and left them together, together even in youth that sees visions. The young shall see visions, and the old shall dream dreams, saith the prophet. But when, by some magic of a voice or some alchemy of the soul, old age, which has dreamed dreams, sees in one vivid flash of light the dreams of the past as visions—there is tragedy.

The girl under the crimson lamp shade turned idly from leaf to leaf in her portfolio and sang by piecemeal. The elder woman only asked that she keep on singing. She only asked to hear that voice, her own voice, to the very quaver on C. And her dreams were all but visions, and life was all but youth again. There had been a wild song, one that the hearer did not know, and the chorus sobbed out:

Oh, is it forever,
Love, that we must sever,
O love, will you never
Come back again?

And the story that the song told of was of two lovers who had met under the roses and had known "the love of a day, the love of a life." What a swirl of fancies the singing of the child sent eddying through the aged brain! The music did not cease. The girl recalled a sweet old song, a peaceful, sorrowful ditty our grandmothers sang:

Could ye come back to me, Douglas, Douglas,
In the old likeness I knew,
I'd be so faithful, so loving, Douglas, Douglas,
Douglas, tender and true.

The girl sang on until she thought she had tired her grandmother, and then whirling around on the stool she said gayly:

"Well, grandma, how do you like it? Haven't I improved in ten years?"

She rose as she said this, and without even waiting for a reply, as is the way of careless, thoughtless youth, she left the room humming:

Now all men beside are to me like shadows,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

The girl went to her mother, who, she knew, was attending to some duties of the household. The words "all men like shadows" ran through the aged woman's head when the girl left the room, and she was thankful for the child's thoughtlessness which had left her alone for a moment. The spell of the pleading song was upon her. Her life was turned backward.

Young faces smiled at her. She seemed as bold as youth, this shy old woman, who two hours before had been afraid to protest against the overcharge of a cabman. She heard her daughter's steps and the child's in the room above her, and, thrilled with the mesmeric enchantment of the song, she became wrapped in a consuming longing to try if she could not sing the old song again.

She tiptoed about the room, and closing the doors and looking ever behind her, she circled to the piano.

She wished to sing out loud something that was in her heart, to put it into words and let it come from her lips. She believed that to say the aching words would ease a throbbing in her heart. She could not at first bring herself to begin the song, so she fumbled among the keys, pretending to hunt for the air, and said the words of the first stanza to herself in silence. She touched the pianissimo pedal of the instrument; then, as her hands upon the keys led her to the second bar, she moaned:

As I lay my heart on your dead heart, Douglas,
Douglas, Douglas, tender and true.

And when she heard the horrid croak of her own voice she remembered—everything. God pitied her and sent her two great tears, tears that were of youth that had been kept sacred through all the years.—Chicago Tribune.

Misery to Follow.

"Maw, what is a horrible example?" asked the youngest boy, looking up from his newspaper.

The eldest boy stop his figuring long enough to say, "Wait till you get into algebra, and you'll find any amount of 'em."—Indianapolis Journal.

More Than He Could Understand.

Every woman who cares to be well shod these days keeps trees to put her boots on when she is not wearing them. A woman who lives near Thomas circle has ever and ever so many pairs of them, and she carries them along even when she is traveling. Not long ago she went out to Chicago and stopped at a very good hotel. When she went to bed she put her heavy calfskin walking boots outside the door to be blacked. The trees were in them. The porter was busy that night, and it was late when he came to the Washington woman's boots. It may have been morning, in fact, for he brought them to the door himself very early and knocked. The woman opened the door. There stood a very black man, his eyes rolling with fear.

"Here's youah feet, miss," he said in an awestruck way. "I brought 'em back —an, an"—in a stage whisper—"how did you come to git both of 'em cut off?"—Washington Post.

To Start a Balky Horse.

An officer of the police detail said recently: "When I was a mounted policeman I learned of a most humane and kind method of curing a balky horse. It not only never fails, but it does not give the slightest pain to the animal. When the horse refuses to go take the front foot at the fetlock and bend the leg at the knee joint. Hold it thus for three minutes, and let it down, and the horse will go. The only way in which I can account for this effective mastery of the horse is that he can think of only one thing at a time, and having made up his mind not to go my theory is that the bending of the leg takes his mind from the original thought."—Farm and Field.

IN CLOSE QUARTERS.

A Public Place Where New Yorkers Sometimes Get a Squeeze.

Between the office of the register of deeds and the south side of the city hall in City Hall park, New York, there is an asphaltum walk which takes you into the city hall police station if you keep straight ahead or turns you into Chambers street if you branch off at what is called "the squeeze." It is doubtful if there is another spot in the big town where so much fun can be seen every hour in the day the year round.

Along the right hand side of the path runs a barbed wire fence, and just where it branches off there is a big tree. In making the path the tree was not disturbed, and so it happens that between its trunk and the fence is a space about 18 inches wide. One person can pass through very well, but it occurs every two minutes that two persons, traveling in opposite directions, wish to take this short cut and save going around the tree.

It has never been settled who has the right of way and probably never will be. If the man bound for Park row weighs 200 pounds and the man for Chambers street is a lightweight and has corns to boot, the big fellow carries the day, but if they are pretty evenly matched a "question of privilege" is certain to arise, and one near by will hear:

"Here, you! You git out."

"Git out yourself."

"I was in first."

"No, you wasn't."

"Don't call me a liar."

"And don't you sass me."

"I'll go through here if I have to stay a week."

"And I'll have my rights if I stand here for six months."

If one doesn't give way, there is a squeezing and elbowing and cussing, ending perhaps in a regular row and calling for interference of the police. One day when bound for Chambers street I tried the short cut. I saw a man approaching from the other direction, but hoped to get through before he came up. I was too late. We met at the critical point and looked each other in the eye. One glance told me that it was "our Chauncey Depew." I started to surrender the right of way to the great after dinner orator, but he smiled, lifted his hat and crawfished, with the remark:

"Excuse me, sir; come on, come on."

But I didn't. I wasn't going to be outdone in politeness, and I also backed out and started around the tree. Mr. Depew had started around from his side, and as a result we came together with a bump, and our hats rolled to the ground.

"Your hat, sir," said the orator as he picked up my tile.

"And yours, sir," I said as I handed him his.

Then we bowed and smiled and passed on, and a gamin who had witnessed the entire performance called out:

"I expected to see a bloomin ole row, but one's afraid, and t'other dasen't."—Detroit Free Press.

When He Is Civilized.

Apropos of a recent book on America written by an English traveler, a fiercely patriotic lady says: "Fault finding is in the British blood. They come over here, find no end of fault with everything, go back home, find no end of fault with everything there, die and go to heaven and find no end of fault with everything there because it is in their nature. An Englishman by birth and education is a brute, but he usually tries to tell the truth, just as he makes a violent effort to pay his debts of honor. Physically he is the most beautiful specimen in the world. He knows how to put his clothes on, and he never looks conscious of them. Occasionally an Englishman comes over here and lives. An American woman trains him, knocks some of the brutality out of him, and then he is the nearest thing to a gentleman angel I ever met."—Chicago Post.

A Gay Deceiver.

"My dear," said Mrs. Honeymoon to her spouse one day at dinner, "the doctors say that one should not think of business matters at mealtimes, as it impairs the digestion and injures the health. Pray, dear, what do you think about when we sit down to meals?"

"Sweetest," replied the old man, "I only think about chew."

And Mrs. Honeymoon put her arms around his neck and kissed him.—London Answers.

Greeks' Worship of Lightning.

The Greeks were so much afraid of lightning that they worshiped it. They endeavored to avert its malignant influence by hissing and whistling at it. In places which had suffered by it altars were erected and oblations made to avert the anger of the gods, after which no one dared to touch or approach them.

The wettest place in the world is Cherrapungi, in Assam, where the average rainfall for 15 years has been 493 inches. In 1861 it was 905.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve a poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

One Thing is Certain

There is no better cure in existence for Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, than Pain-Killer. Good for all pains, aches and soreness, internal or external. One good trial will convince you that

PAIN-KILLER Kills Pain

You can get it anywhere at 25c a bottle (double the former quantity). See that the bottle bears the name Perry Davis & Son. No other is genuine.

June 6 52t su we fr

Between Two Millstones.

"I am about to have gas put into my house," said the citizen. "Is it necessary to get a permit?"

"Yes, sir," replied the city hall official. "It will cost you $10."

"Ten dollars! What's that for?"

"The street's paved, isn't it?"

"Yes."

"Well, the $10 is for tearing up the pavement."

"But the men that are working for the gas company do all the tearing up."

"Certainly. The $10 is to guarantee that they'll replace the pavement in as good shape as it was before."

"Why don't you hold the gas company for that?"

"The work is done for you. You are the party responsible."

"Does the city ever inspect a pavement after it has been torn up and laid down again?"

"Not that I have ever heard of."

"Do you know that I had to pay for the laying of that pavement in the first place?"

"I presume you had."

"And that I have to make a stiff deposit with the gas company before it will begin this work of putting in the gas?"

"Very likely."

"Then I have to pay the city for a permit for the gas company to tear up my own pavement, I can't hold the gas company responsible for the way in which it is done, the city gives me no protection, and I'm bled in advance by the city and the gas company both for the privilege of becoming a contributor to the coffers of the gas company. That's the regular thing, is it?"

"That's about right."

"Do you call it a square deal?"

"My friend, you don't have to put gas in your house if you don't want to. Would you mind stepping to one side? You're in the way of that man that wants to get a permit to move a house."—Chicago Tribune.

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Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¼	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	7	@	7¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	
Virginia Meal	65	@	70
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	75
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—			
Laguyra	27	@	28
Lagayra	20	@	22
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen		@	10
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	23 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight	4 25	@	4 40
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	65	@	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	65
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	9½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	3	@	3¼
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	8½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" in bbls		@	13
Porto Rico, in hhds	28	@	27½
" in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	28
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 65	@	1 75
OAK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	4 50	@	13 50
Rump		@	14 00
Prime		@	15 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	85
Americas		@	85
In 70-lb ₩ Sacks	65	@	70
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Sap	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White X C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1
North Carolina	1 00	@	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burr	13½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady with sales at 25¼ cents per gallon for country and 25¾ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 17½ per bbl. for Strained, and $1 22½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 30 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 70 for Yellow Dip and $2 20 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Firm.

Ordinary	4½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6⅞	" "
Good Middling	7 3-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	00	bales
Spirits Turpentine	254	casks
Rosin	557	bbls
Tar	114	bbls
Crude Turpentine	41	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 18—Evening—Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent., and last loan offered and closing at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 489@489¼ for sixty days and 490@490¼ for demand. Bar silver 67. Mexican dollars 53¾. Posted rates 489½@490½. Commercial bills 488½@488@488½. Government bonds firm. United States bonds quiet. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 18—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¼c, midling 7c; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 15 bales; forwarded 15 bales; exports to the Continent 227 bales; sales 240, all spinners stock 195,458 bales.

Futures closed easy; July and August 6.75, September 6.80; November 6.79; December 6.94; January 6.97; February 7.04; March 7.09. Sales 83,700 bales.

Total to-day—net receipts 338 bales; exports to Great Britain 508 bales; to the Continent 1,027 bales; stock 383,047 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 2,149 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,331 bales; to France 6; to the Continent 1,028 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,900,491 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,404,859 bales; exports to France 773,145 bales; exports to the Continent 3,140,571 bales.

Flour dull; winter wheat, low grades $3 60@3 90; fair to fancy $3 40@3 90; do patents $4 10@4 15; Minnesota clear $3 00 @3 30; do patents $3 90@4 50; low extras $2 60@3 20; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $3 30@3 10; good to choice do. $3 10@3 90. Wheat quiet and easier; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 69¾c; afloat 70¾c; options were fairly active and opened at a decline of 1 ¾c, rallying ¾c, declined and closed steady at 1c below yesterday; No 2 red May 75c⅝; July 69⅝; September 70½; October 70¾; December 73¼c. Corn active and lower; No. 2 at elevator 48¾c; afloat 49¾c; options declined 1¼c, rallied ⅜, and closed firm at ⅝c below yesterday, with trading dull; August 48⅝c; September 49¼c; May 49¼c. Oats fairly active and firmer; options quiet and easier; July 27¾c; September 27½c; spot prices—No. 2 28¾@29; No. 2 white 33½c. Hay strong and quiet; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 90c@$1 00. Wool fairly active and firm; domestic fleece 15@22; pulled 15@34c. Beef dull; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8 00; beef hams quiet at $18 00; tierced beef quiet and firm; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00. Cut meats strong, with light supply; pickled bellies 7¼@7¾c; shoulders 6c; pickled hams 9¼@10c. Lard firmer; Western steam $6 55; city $6 13½@6 15; September $6 65, July $6 55, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $7 00; South America $7 85; compound $4 75@5 25. Pork in moderate demand and firm; mess $12 25@13 00. Butter—fancy firm and in fair demand; State dairy 11@16¾c; creamery 17c; Western dairy 9½@13c; Elgin 17c. Cotton seed oil quiet and firmer; crude 23 bid; yellow prime 26c; do off grade 25½c bid. Petroleum nominal. Rice firm and unchanged. Molasses firm and in fair demand. Peanuts quiet. Coffee dull and unchanged to 15 points up; September $14 55; December $14 60; March $14 40; spot Rio dull and steady; No. 7, quoted at $15 50. Sugar—raw quiet and steady; fair refining 2⅞; refined firm and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool nominal; cotton per steamer 1-16d; grain per steamer 3d.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Cash prices: Flour was dull. The feeling was easy with prices favoring buyers Wheat—No. 2 spring 64⅞@67¾c; No. 2 red 64¾@65¼c. Corn—No. 2, 44⅜c.

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Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
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Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
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THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.
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Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

AMBITION.

A youth in the bloom of his manhood lay
In indolent grace on the shining sand
And gazed out on the silvery bay
As it dashed its foam on a distant strand.

The southern breeze disturbed his curls
As it kissed his brow in its balmy way,
And the spirit of winds its wings unfurled
As it danced on the waves to the dash of the spray.

"My life is a dream," he said, with a smile,
"Of pleasure and ease and all that is fair!"
And he paused. "But I must have fame," he said,
And he sprang to his feet with a resolute air.

The breeze caressed, and the winds danced on,
And the waves threw off their laughing spray,
But the youth drew back with a gesture of scorn,
And the man of ambition went up from the bay!
—Lydia B. Walsh in Home and Country.

AN INTERVENTION.

Guido certainly looked perfectly happy. Indeed any one would have thought that he had not a care in the world. He was on his way home from a political banquet, where he had been explaining in detail his programme to his electors. He had been complimented on all sides, and added to this the dinner itself had been excellent and the champagne all that could be desired. Guido felt quite easy in his own mind about the result of the election, and now this evening he was going to a ball where he would enjoy a flirtation with the Baroness Stefania. He was just returning home now to have an hour's rest and a nap, like Napoleon on the eve of a battle. On entering the dining room his faithful old servant, Giuseppe, followed him respectfully in and stood for a minute, evidently desiring to speak to his master.

"I am going to my room to get a little rest," he said to Giuseppe. "You can wake me at 8."

"You'd better not, sir," said the servant earnestly.

"And why not, pray?"

"Because, sir, when Girolamo was here alone this morning a lady called, and when she found that you were out she said, 'Tell your master when he comes in that I will call again at 7 and ask him to be sure to wait for me, as I want to see him on particular business.'"

"And her name?"

"She would not give it."

"H—m! More and more mysterious. Did Girolamo say what she was like?"

"Yes. She was young, tall, dark and very well dressed."

"Oh! It's getting decidedly interesting, and I feel curious. And you think, then, Giuseppe, for the sake of this unknown lady, I ought to forego my nap?"

"Well, it's just 7 o'clock, sir. If she is anything like punctual, you wouldn't have time to lie down before she is here."

"Oh, well. I will make the sacrifice. Get my newspaper, Giuseppe, and I'll read till she arrives. Dark! The Baroness Stefania is fair. Nothing like a change," murmured Guido to himself when the old man had gone out of the room.

It certainly sounds very much as though the young politician were a veritable Don Juan, but in reality he was nothing of the kind. Guido had had a great disappointment in his life. He had loved one woman passionately and devotedly, but his happiness had been suddenly snatched away from him, and the love still smoldered in his heart, half smothered and stifled as it had been. For the last two years Guido had been striving to forget, and he had thrown himself headlong into all the gayeties and diversions of society life.

"If you please, sir," exclaimed Giuseppe, re-entering the dining room hastily.

"Has she arrived?"

"She is in the drawing room."

"Do you know her?"

"No—no, sir," stammered the old servant.

Guido was soon in the drawing room. He opened the door quietly and stood for a few seconds contemplating his visitor. She was standing near a table, turning over the leaves of an album. Her back was turned toward the door, but Guido could see that she was tall and graceful. She wore a very handsome silk dress and was decidedly elegant.

"Madame," said Guido, advancing toward her.

She turned suddenly, and her host felt as though he had received an electric shock. He bowed, however, profoundly in order to hide the surprise on his face.

"I am not inconveniencing you by coming this evening?" she asked after returning his bow, and then she sat down very deliberately.

"Certainly not. I am entirely at your service."

"If you say that merely out of politeness, so much the worse for you, as I should like to take it literally."

"Do so, by all means. I take upon myself all risk and shall be glad to hear what you have to say," answered Guido, smiling.

The lady, whose name was Emma, stroked her muff, evidently hesitating as to how she was going to express what she had to say.

Guido was watching her. Yes, she was just as beautiful as ever, just as fascinating as that first time he had seen her. It seemed to him even that her beauty was perhaps more complete, more wonderful than ever.

"Have you ever taken part in a comedy?" she asked at length.

"Oh, yes. I am still acting in one that never comes to an end."

"My question was needless, I see. Tomorrow, then, I want you to continue, that is all. But you will have an important role to take, and it will be difficult to succeed."

"All depends on the actors and the public."

"You will have me as a partner."

"I know what talent you have."

"For acting?"

"For declaiming. Is it a proverb we are to act?"

"Yes, but the moral of it is in the motive for which it is given, not in the comedy itself. Tell me, do you still write regularly to my father?"

"Yes. But the last three weeks he has not answered my letters."

"I received a letter from him yesterday, in which he tells me that he is very well, and that he will arrive tomorrow in Milan by train at 10:20."

Guido could not conceal his surprise now.

"Tomorrow?"

"Yes."

"Your father, who never stirs from home?"

"He is on his way back to Naples after a journey that he was obliged to take and is coming round this way to see"—

"His daughter," put in Guido.

"And his son, he says."

"So that"—

"I would not have my father, upon any account, know the truth."

"The wretched truth," interrupted Guido.

"It is no use putting adjectives in everywhere. He must see us together when he comes tomorrow, and we must not betray, either by word or look, the true situation. This is what we must do."

Emma had spoken earnestly and firmly, and Guido had listened attentively. He was silent for a moment when she stopped speaking, and she began again impatiently:

"It is merely a comedy, as I told you at first, a play given for a charitable purpose. It ought not to cost you so much."

"Oh, I am quite ready and willing," said Guido, but are you not afraid that something may go wrong and compromise everything?"

"In what way?"

"Well, there are the servants."

"Send your new valet out tomorrow for a day's holiday, and then I will speak to Giuseppe."

"Very well. But supposing some friend should happen to drop in?"

"You must tell Giuseppe you are not at home to any one."

"I suppose we should go to the station to meet your father. What will every one say when they see us together?"

"They won't see us. We can go in a close carriage and drive fast."

"Your father will be here all day. No matter how unsuspicious he may be, don't you think the house looks very much like a bachelor's dwelling now?"

"Oh, that can soon be altered. My worktable and other little things and then my music can be brought here this evening. That will all be our mise en scene, you know."

"But"—

"Oh, you have perhaps had some alterations made in other rooms?"

"No, nothing has been altered," said Guido, speaking very seriously. "Everything is as you left it."

"By way of sentiment?"

"It was out of respect."

"A thousand thanks. Have you any other objections?"

"None whatever. The great thing is now whether we shall succeed in deceiving M. Giorgianni."

"By acting a sentimental couple? We must think of the past and try to remember all our nonsense during our honeymoon," said Emma sarcastically.

"Oh, I had completely forgotten all that," replied her husband promptly. They both glanced at each other questioningly, as though measuring strength like two duelists.

At the ball he was most absentminded, and the Baroness Stefania did not know what to make of him. After two or three dances he managed during a quadrille to slip away unobserved, and on returning home he found that a complete transformation had taken place. The large drawing room, which had not been used for some time, was open, and candles were lighted everywhere. The wardrobes and cupboards, too, were all open, and there was a scent of violets. A copy of one of the newest songs was on the piano, the furniture had been moved about to give a less stiff appearance, flowers were in all the vases, and Emma herself in a pretty tea gown was just standing on tiptoe to put a small statue upon a bracket.

Was it all a dream? Emma there! And those two long years of separation, had he forgotten them and their terrible quarrel?

"Good night," said Guido as he passed through the room.

"Good night," she replied without turning round.

* * * * * * *

And yet before their marriage they had been so foolishly in love with each other. Guido had followed Emma from Florence to Naples and had passed whole nights under her window. Emma had written letters of eight pages to him every day and had staid out on her balcony till quite late in the evenings. The young couple had been blissfully happy and devotedly in love with each other for three years.

One day, however, it happened that Guido chanced to meet a girl whom he had formerly very much admired, and with whom he had in the old days fancied himself deeply in love. Somehow or other Emma had got wind of this and reproached him with never having told her. Guido, angry at being dictated to and also at his wife's want of confidence, put on a careless, indifferent manner.

She sent for her husband, and very calmly, without her voice trembling in the least, she announced to him that she had decided it would be better for them to separate quietly without any fuss or any scene.

Guido was stupefied. At first he protested and then tried to take it all as a joke and wanted to explain matters to her, but his wife answered so coldly and proudly that there was nothing left for him but to maintain a frigid silence. It seemed to him that it was beneath his dignity to plead his cause, and so he merely agreed to all her conditions and let her go, judging her to be both proud and heartless.

Emma had withdrawn from society, so her husband was sure never to meet her at the balls and theaters, where he now spent the greater part of his spare time. They had before separating agreed on one point, and that was to continue writing to the old father as though nothing had happened.

Guido used to put in his letters: "Emma is well, but I suppose she has given you all the news about herself. She sends her love," etc., and then Emma wrote in her letter: "Guido is very well, but very busy. He was not able to get off in order to stay with me at the sea."

And so M. Giorgianni's happiness had gone on hanging by the fragile silken thread. To meet and speak to each other then thus for the first time after that supremely cruel day of their separation had been no easy matter for either of them.

* * * * * * *

Dinner was just over, and Signor Giorgianni was smiling, for he felt so happy—he had had such a hearty reception, and everything seemed so very satisfactory.

The two actors managed to get up a smile also, but the fact was all that had appeared so easy to them the night before had proved very difficult when it came to the point. For instance, when Emma's father had arrived, he had put his arms round both of them as he had kissed his daughter.

Then they had been obliged to call each other by their old familiar pet names and to show those little attentions to each other which come quite naturally to a husband and wife who adore each other, as they were supposed to do, and all the time a word or an intonation of the voice which recalled the past would make Guido turn pale with emotion and would bring the color into Emma's cheeks and make them both feel awkward for a moment.

The worst was to come, however, for no sooner had M. Giorgianni taken an armchair comfortably in the drawing room than he began asking all kinds of embarrassing questions and making remarks which were not calculated to put the young husband and wife at their ease, considering the circumstances.

Suddenly M. Giorgianni said:

"Come, my children, I want to go all through the house and see everything. There seems to me to be plenty of silk and velvet everywhere, but I have only glanced round. I want to see everything now."

"Come along," said Guido. "We will begin with the large drawing room."

"It's magnificent, this room," said M. Giorgianni on entering. "Just the thing for a large reception. Do you have many parties?"

"Well, we used to give more than we do just now."

"Yes, yes; I understand. Your business affairs and your political engagements must take up your time a great deal, but it's a lovely room. Ah, and this is the boudoir. Exquisite taste, to be sure. Did you choose the furniture, Emma?"

"No. It was Guido who chose it."

"Well, my compliments, then," said the father, turning to his son-in-law. "I suppose you are always to be found here, Emma? Are you not afraid of every one coming to make love to her, Guido?"

"I! I know my wife too well for that."

"And you, Emma? Are you ever jealous?"

"I know my husband too well, papa."

Both these answers had been given so spontaneously that M. Giorgianni was quite satisfied.

They went back into the drawing room and sat down. Both husband and wife were very absentminded, and certainly if Signor Giorgianni had been endowed with much perspicacity he would have discovered that something was wrong. Fortunately the excellent old man was not good at guessing enigmas.

"What a pity for you to leave such a beautiful house!"

"Why, papa?"

"Well, if Guido should be elected member, why, you will have to live in Rome six months of the year, and I suppose he won't leave you alone in Milan. You will have to have two houses. It will be a nuisance for you, but I shan't be sorry. If you come to Rome, I shall be able to see you at least once a month. From Naples to Rome, it is quite a short, easy journey, while from Naples to Milan—no, that is too far, too far. We shall be sure to see each other often then."

* * * * * * *

When our two actors, after conducting Signor Giorgianni to the station, got into the carriage to drive home, they both involuntarily gave a sigh of relief.

The comedy was over, and they were going back again to their ordinary lives. Emma looked out of the window at the rain, and Guido did not stir. They were strangers again to each other now. By accident Guido touched his wife's arm.

"I beg your pardon," he said.

"Granted," she replied carelessly.

Strangers indeed! And yet they were now both of them going over in their minds the events of the day and recalling to themselves the sensations they had felt.

"Would you prefer driving straight to your house?" asked Guido just before they reached the place where their roads separated.

"No. I must go and help my maid to collect all the little things I put about your rooms. I will go home as soon as we have finished."

"Very well."

When they arrived, Emma went straight up stairs and through the large drawing room to her boudoir.

Guido threw himself on a divan in the drawing room and pretended to be reading a newspaper. In reality he was listening to her footsteps as she moved slowly about in the other room. He saw her pass the open door once or twice.

"Are you not tired?" he called out at last. "Can I help you?"

"No, thank you. I have almost finished."

Presently she came into the drawing room and sat down very wearily. The excitement of the day had completely exhausted her. She looked round the room as though she missed something.

"It's raining still, is it not?" she asked Guido, for he had put his paper down.

"Yes, it's still going on."

"The carriage is not there yet?"

"I really don't know, but I'll go and see."

"No; it does not matter. It was to be round in ten minutes from now."

"Shall I see you home?"

"No; it isn't worth while, thank you."

Did these ten minutes appear to them like a century or like an instant? Perhaps in a way like both. When the footman announced that the carriage was at the door, Emma rose deliberately, and walking across to the large mirror put on her hat. It took her some time to fasten it on with the pins, for her fingers were trembling slightly.

She then put her gloves on very slowly and gave a few finishing touches to herself at the glass. When she was quite ready, she turned toward Guido to say goodby.

He had risen from his seat, and his face was deadly pale.

"Goodby," said Emma.

Guido did not reply. She turned away and walked across the drawing room proudly without wavering an instant, her step firm, but she knew that her husband was following her.

When she reached the door, she lifted her hand to raise the velvet curtain, but Guido was more prompt, and her hand touched his as he held the curtain down.

"You have forgotten to tell me that you have forgiven me, Emma," he said very quietly in a voice in which grief and passion were each struggling for the mastery.

She turned toward him abruptly and hid her face on his shoulder, for the old love had sprung up again between them with a stronger force than ever.

"You will never go away any more, darling, never?"

"No, Guido. We will fetch my mother's picture back here."—From the Italian in Strand Magazine.

There was little immigration from Germany to this country until the political troubles of 1848 and the following years, which induced many of the revolutionists to leave their native country, and thus set an example which was soon followed.

Tricking the Crows.

Crows are so fond of eggs that you can play some amusing tricks on them. One summer I placed a stuffed porcupine in a field, spread a little straw over it and stuck some hens' eggs on to the quills. A crow soon spied the eggs from a tree top and flew down to get one. It lit on the ground near by, and then it flitted up and settled down on the straw, but it hopped off very suddenly, looked sideways at the eggs and scratched around as if its feet didn't feel exactly natural. The crow tried again, got its feet pricked and flew back to the tree, where it sat silently till two more crows got fooled in the same way, when it began to coo and chuckle as if it was laughing at them. Then the two joined him, and the three sat on the tree till two more got their soles pricked, when the five went squalling away to the woods.

The next morning I noticed a big flock of crows flying back and forth from the woods to the porcupine. Finally they all disappeared, and I found that the black scamps had outwitted me, for they had piled up a lot of twigs on the quills, and on them the cunning crows had got a foothold, stuck their bills into the eggs and carried them off.

One spring I fed the crows on chopped frogs till the corn got well up and by so doing kept them out of the cornfield. I scattered the frogs in a field next to the corn lot, and the crows soon got so that they watched for me to come with the fodder. When I had fed them a few times, a lot of kingbirds got in the habit of following me to the feeding ground. They lit in the trees, and when the crows settled down to eat the kingbirds whaled them back to the woods, where they kept shady till the kingbirds went home.—Exchange.

Schools and Colleges.

St. Mary's School For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.
Address the Rector,
Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

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"Stands in the forefront of Southern Fitting Schools:" Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; nearly $40,000 in buildings and equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above the sea level; in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost," our motto: Write for Catalogue.
J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
jy 14 tf Oak Ridge, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to
A. Q. HOLLADAY, Pres.,
july 11 tf Raleigh, N. C.

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GEN. SCOTT SHIP, Superintendent.
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It is the best. Send for illustrated catalogue to
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 22 3m

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Two o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.

For Rent.

SUMMER COTTAGES,
At Carolina Beach.
Apply to D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate agent.
mpy 29 tf

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for
Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo,
Spinal Affections, Neuralgia,
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Diabetes, Kidney Affections,
Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia,
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Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,
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my 23 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,

VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.
J. H. CHAPMAN,
Manager.
my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.
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Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director.
JAMES A. FRAZIER,
may 11 2m Managing Receiver.

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C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.
R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician.
June 2 tf

Cleveland Springs

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J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 25 tf Shelby, N. C.

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VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. - Established 1734.

TERMS.
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Per month, one person....... 40.00
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Special rates to parties of three or more.

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One of the popular resorts of the Virginia Mountains. On line Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Excellent Service, Music and Dancing. Good hunting and Fishing. Rates on application.
C. P. NAIR,
july 10 tf Manager.

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J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
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Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

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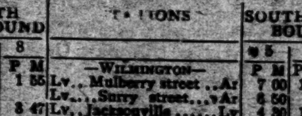
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 6	NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 5	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv.... Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 42	3 47	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 42
11 22	4 20	Lv.. Maysville.........Lv	3 20	10 09
11 43	4 38	Lv.. Pollocksville......Lv	3 00	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar.. Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6 30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkins 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.49 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.02 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.39 p m, Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7.00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.12 a m, Rowland 9.31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6.00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7.50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6.30 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 9.00 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 5.50 p m, Darlington 7.20 p m, Bennettsville 8.19 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.15 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m., Sumter 9.45 a m, Summerton 10.40 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

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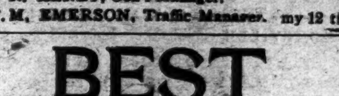
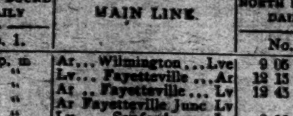


Schedule in Effect June 1, 1895.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 a. m., 10 a. m., 2.00, 5.10 and 7.15 p. m.
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.10 and 9.20 p. m.
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 7 p. m. June 1 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 18 "
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax.......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro.... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 56 "	Ar...Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall.... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy...... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar...... Maxton...... Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv... Red Springs.... Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv.... Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur..... Lv	5 50 a. m
4 20 "	Lv..... Climax...... Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv... Greensboro... Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

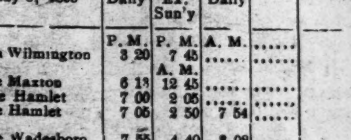
At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.
my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily		
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......	
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......	
		A. M.			
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......	
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......	
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......	
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......	
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 48	......	
Leave Charlotte			10 48	......	
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......	
			P. M.	......	
Leave Shelby			1 50	......	
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......	

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No402 Daily	
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.09 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

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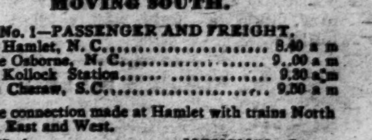

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.20 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—Pork Produce Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The action of wheat to-day would lead to the belief that the spring wheat crop damage stories were fictitious or, to say the least, exaggerated. The Cincinnati *Price Current*, which is a recognized authority in matters agricultural, set at rest in a measure the confliction in advances of spring wheat. Its summary merely states that spring wheat was in good condition, but that was sufficient to convince a large portion of the trade that things were not so bad as some reports indicated. The country and outside are still holding off and the market is therefore in the hands of speculators and professionals, who most generally incline to the "short" side. Early cables from England and the Continent were lower. Our opening was from ⅞ to 1¼ cents under yesterday's close, the influences mentioned effectually destroying all strength and conveying to prices a most depressed tone. Selling at the decline brought values down to "Puts" where the first resistance was met. A portion of the loss was recovered during the day, but at the close a depreciation of 1c to 1⅛c from yesterday was noted in September, the active speculative option. September wheat opened from 66⅝ to 66. sold between 67⅞@65⅝c, closing at 66½@⅔c. Cash wheat was 1c per bushel lower.

Corn—Trade in corn was quiet, and after an early break there was not enough energy in prices to produce any decided gain or further loss. September corn opened from 44⅝@44⅛c and declined to 43⅞c, closing at 44⅜c—1c under yesterday. Cash corn was 1c per bushel lower.

Oats—Through the heaviness of wheat and corn, oats were lower.

Provisions—Nothing of an extraordinary nature was noted in the product market. An advance of five cents in live hogs gave an air of steadiness to initial trading, but seeing all the grains lower induced traders to sell rather freely, and prices declined. A later recovery took place, the offerings appearing a trifle restricted. At the close September pork was 12½c higher than yesterday, September lard 5c higher and September ribs 2½@5c higher. Domestic markets were quiet.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose one to two points, but lost this and declined six to seven points, closing easy, with sales of 88,700 bales. New orleans advanced three points, but lost this and beclined three points. Liverpool advanced 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales; futures advanced one to one and a half points, but lost this in most cases and closed barely steady with some months the same as last night and some half a point lower than then. Spot cotton here was quiet at 7c, the same as yesterday, with sales of 940 bales for spinning. The Southern spot markets were generally quiet and unchanged. At the South the weather was generally clear and warm. Arrivals at the ports were 338 bales, against 907 this day last week and 393 this day last year.

To-day's features: The early advance was short-lived. It was due to a temporary rise in Liverpool, which in turn was attributed to the Conservative victories at the polls. But later on Liverpool reacted and this fact, together with generally favorable weather at the South, caused a decline here. The South is now getting just exactly the kind of weather that it wants, namely, clear and warm. Some leading interests here were selling. Not a little long cotton was sold out. August notices are due on the 16th inst., and many preferred to sell August, therefore, and take October and later months. It is a narrow market, and if the weather continues favorable some are inclined to make a further recession, even some who believe that cotton will ultimately reach much higher prices favoring this view.

LYNCHING IN MISSISSIPPI.

A Negro Hanged for a Brutal Assault on an Aged White Woman.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE July 18.—Andrew Thomas, colored, accused of a brutal assault on an aged white woman named Mrs. Vise, near Mississippi Point, Miss., and who was captured here some ten days ago, and held for a requisition from the Governor of Mississippi, was taken to Scranton, Miss., by Sheriff Minor on an early freight train which reached Scranton five minutes past four this morning. There was a mob of 250 men at the train heavily armed to receive the prisoner. When the sherift noticed a special train from Mississippi Point standing on the upper end of the siding, he called to his deputy that the jig was up. The lights were extinguished in the caboose, and the prisoner was concealed in a box under the seats. The crowds swarmed around the train and jeered at the sheriff. A tall Mississippian discovered the negro in his hiding place and cried out: "Come on, boys, here he is," and with this the crowd with a rush swarmed into the coach. Half dragging and half pushing the mob ran with their victim up and across the track to a large water oak tree. There were no preliminaries. The rope was in readiness, and the negro was swung in mid air. Then commenced a fusilade that lasted fully fifteen minuter, and the body was riddled with bullets.

MURDERER KILLED.

He Would Not Surrender, and Was Shot by a Posse.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORDYCE, ARK., July 18.—Wiley Dunn, the negro who murdered J. Martin, at Summerville, July 2nd, was chased to a swamp by a posse and killed. He was surrounded by officers, but would not surrender; turned and fled, and was shot down. This makes three killed, the two Ware brothers having been lynched Sunday at Hampton. J. Dickinson is still in jail, and may be lynched also. Great excitement still prevails, and several other negroes who are now at large are suspected.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28@28½c. Rosin dull and steady; strained common to good $1 55@1 60.

CHARLESTON, July 18—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 69 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 15 @1 25; receipts 809 barrels.

SAVANNAH, July 18.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c bid; receipts 2,307 casks. Rosin firm, with sales of 1,500 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, $1 15, D $1 25, E $1 35, F $1 45, G $1 55, H $1 75, I $2 00, K $2 25, M $2 40, N $2 50, window glass $2 70. water white $2 90.

A GREAT GATHERING.

CONVENTION OF THE BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION OF AMERICA.

Ten Thousand People in Attendance—Addresses of Welcome—Praise Services—Discussions, Etc.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—The delegates and visitors to the fifth Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America continued to arrive th roughout the night and early morning hours, until at 10 o'clock there were 10,000 congregated in the mammoth tent located at the Madison avenue entrance to Druid Hill Park.

The interior of the big tent presented a gay appearance with myriads of American flags, Baptist Union flags and English flags hanging from every pole and post in the place. Across the entire front of the choir gallery is a broad piece of each of the four colors that were selected to represent the four sections into which the international work of the Union is divided—green for the South, red for Canada, blue for the States west of the Mississippi, and gold for those east of the Mississippi. From the top of a large pole just in front of the main stand scores of ribbons of these colors were festooned down to the speaker's rostrum.

The platform from which the speakers addressed the audience has a capacity for 200 persons. These seats were occupied by ministers. Back of this platform six tiers of seats gave accommodation to a chorus of 500 voices and an orchestra of fifty pieces.

Devotional exercises were led by the Rev. C. Hobbs, D.D., of Delavan, Wis. His reference to the warm hearts and warmer sun of the Southern city elicited the first applause. The heat was almost stifling and every person vigorously wielded a fan for the little comfort that could be extracted therefrom.

As Dr. Hobbs declared the Convention open for business a late delegation from Wisconsin marched into the tent and down the side aisles, singing "Maryland, My Maryland." A welcome song dedicated to the young Baptists by Professor Robinson, was sung by a choir of five hundred voices, under the direction of Professor Harry W. Porter. This was followed by an address of President John H. Chapman, in which he congratulated the local committees on the excellent arrangements that had been made for the entertainment of the Baptists.

"In this beautiful city of Baltimore," he said, "we are surrounded by the warm hearts of our Southern brothers, cheered by the bright faces of Canadian friends, and gladly note that even the far-away Pacific coast is with us. They have come across the Continent to unite with New England's host in the deliberation, which we are to enjoy."

On behalf of the churches of Baltimore, Mr. Eugene Levering made an address of welcome, in which he said that no conference of equal importance had ever been held here.

In the absence of Gov. Brown, Mayor F. C. Latrobe officially welcomed the visitors, and tendered them everything within the confines of the State. The audience joined the choir in singing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

Rev. H. M. Wharton, D. D., pastor of Brantley Baptist Church, made an eloquent address of welcome on behalf of the Baptist Young People's Societies. Noting the perspiring crowd and its vain efforts to appear contented, he assured the hosts that Baltimore was unlike a New York Sunday—it was not dry. The speaker's statement that the Baptists believed in an everlasting separation of Church and State was applauded and when he added that the Baptist does not believe in the red hat, but does believe in the little red school house, the audience cheered him again and again. Dr. Wharton concluded his address by singing three verses of an original hymn of welcome.

After the choir sang "Blest Be The Tie," Rev. Dr. L. M. S. Haynes, D. D., of Troy, N. Y., responded to the addresses of welcome on behalf of the Board of Managers and Delegates. His effort was particulary happy. He created a roar of applause and laughter in complimenting the women, who were present in large numbers, on their untiring energy. His peroration was "God made earth, then rested, then made man and rested; then he made woman, and neither God nor man has had a chance to rest since."

The annual report of the Board of Managers was presented by Rev. Dr. Frank L. Wilkins, General Secretary of the Union.

Addresses were made on "Culture for Service," by Rev. O. C. S. Wallace, of Toronto, Ont., and on "The Junior Society, the Hope of the Movement," by Rev. Roland D. Grant, of Portland, Ore. The Convention took a recess at 12.30 until 2.15 p. m.

The tent was again crowded when the afternoon session was opened. A number of electric fans had been put in position about the tent during the recess, but they afforded but little relief from the intense heat. Many of the male delegates discarded coat and vest as they resumed their seats.

The session began with a praise service, led by Rev. Dr. W. S. Roberts, of Burlington, Vt. Frank Harvey Smith, of Brooklyn, presided. Rev. Frederick C. Henderson, of Rochester, N. Y., made an address on "Money and the Kingdom." This was followed by an open parliament on "Systematic and Proportionate Giving," which was conducted by Rev. E. E. Chivers, of New York city. The discussion was general and very interesting.

"The Bible Method of Winning Souls," was the subject of an address by Rev. Johnston Myers, D. D., of Chicago. An open parliament with the subject, "What has you Society done to Promote a Revival in the Church?" was conducted by Rev. S. A. Northrop, D. D., of Fort Wayne, Ind., and the Convention took a recess until 7.30 o'clock.

SOUTHERN RAILOADS.

Commissioner Stahlman Declines Re-election.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18.—The meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association was given a surprise to-day by Commissioner E. B. Stahlman, who, in a speech, declared himself not a candidase for re-election, and said if elected he would not accept the position under any circumstances. Efforts have been made to induce the Commissioner to change his mind, as his re-election was regarded as a certainty, but he retused and says his decision is unalterable.

GOLD EXPORTS.

Shipments to be Made by Saturday's Steamer from New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The steamship Etruria, sailing for Europe Saturday, will take out $100,000 in gold, shipped by Nesslage, Colgate & Co. It is reported that W. H. Crossman & Bro., commission merchants of this city will ship $1,000,000 gold by Saturday's European steamers. The firm is quite prominent in the coffee trade. A member of the firm said that the shipments had not been definitely decided on and that it is merely a question of rates. If bills can be obtained on satisfactory terms the gold is not likely to go.

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FOR FREE SILVER.

THE CONVENTION AT GRIFFIN GEORGIA.

Great Gathering of Democrats and Populists—Resolutions Passed Ratifying the Platform Adopted at the Memphis Bimetallic Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GRIFFIN, GA., July 18.—One of the most remarkable conventions that ever met in Georgia assembled to-day at Griffin. With but few exceptions every county in the State was represented, and without a single exception delegates were present from every Senatorial district in the State. One hundred and four counties were represented by delegations.

When the Convention was called to order at the Opera House at 10 o'clock, the full capacity of the house, more than 1,000, was strained in the effort to seat those who gathered there, and great crowds unable to gain admittance struggled on the stairways and sidewalks for entrance.

While the meeting was composed overwhelmingly of Democratic representatives, including many of the most prominent Democratic leaders of the State, notably A. S. Clay, chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, there were a great many Populists on hand who showed by their demeanor that they were willing to join in the effort for the restoration of silver to its full function as a standard money metal. They were perfectly quiet and deeply interested. They refrained from an exposition of their views and were perfectly satisfied that the Committee on Resolutions, consisting of twelve members, should be composed entirely of rock-ribbed, free coinage Democrats. They made no speeches in the Convention, but unanimously voted for the resolutions reported. It was unanimously accepted as a fact that if to-day's action resulted in bringing the Democracy of the State to a full and enthusiastic defence of the principles for which it is contended the party has struggled so many years, that many of the recalcitrants who have left the party would be ready to return and join in the defence of its principles.

But one apple of discord was thrown into the convetion and that developed suddenly at the morning session just as the convention was about to take a recess to hear Senator Morgan.

Mr. Gardner, of Pike, a former representative in the legislature, who had been elected as an independent, introduced a resolution intended to have the effect of debarring Populists from participating and confining the work of the day exclusively to Democrats, notwithstanding the fact that the meeting had assembled in answer to an invitation of the Spalding county bimetalic league, requiring all who are in favor of free coinage to send delegates from the several counties without regard to party affiliations. Previous to this, a resolution had been introduced and adopted requiring all resolutions to be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. But Mr. Gardner manifested remarkable persistency in forcing his resolution to a vote over the the protest of the chairman and the members that it must go to the Committee on Resolutions. After endeavoring in vain to secure a hearing and protesting against Populist affiliation, he was compelled to yield to the demand of the chairman. Senator Patrick Walsh, that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

In his speech Mr. Gardner said he spoke for the delegation from Pike, the chairman, Captain Redding, of the Legislature, a rock-ribbed Democrat, was not present.

The Convention was adjourned to hear Senator Morgan, and in the meantime Capt. Redding, who is the father of the election reform law passed by the last Legislature, arrived in Griffin. He was informed of the claims of Mr. Gardner, and openly announced that Mr. Gardner held a position as postmaster in his county, and that he had taken advantage of his absence to throw an apple of discord in the Convention. "Gardner will not," said he, "dare to misrepresent our delegation, and if he does, I will tell the reason why, and show the tie that binds him to the financial policy of the Administration."

Sure enough, when the Convention met Mr. Gardner did not open his mouth. Capt. Redding was there, awaiting an opportunity to reply, but Mr. Gardner was not heard from, raising even no objection to the unanimous report of the Committee on Resolutions. And so ended the only "incident of the day. And when it was found that Mr. Gardner was a postmaster, the Convention dissolved itself into general laughter.

When the Convention organized it chose Hon. J. J. Hunt, President of the Spalding County Bimetallic League, as temporary chairman. Permanent organization was perfected by the election of Hon. Patrick Walsh as permanent president, and Mr. Douglas Glessner, as secretary.

At 11 o'clock the Convention took a recess to hear Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, who spoke in a grove near by, no house in the city being large enough to hold the crowd of nearly 5,000. He spoke for three hours.

On re-convening, the Committee on Resolutions, composed of twelve Democrats, Captain Evan P. Howell, chairman, submitted its report. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. They ratify the platform adopted at the Memphis Bimetallic Convention, and declare:

"That we favor the immediate restoration of silver to its former plain as a full legal tender standard money equal with gold, and the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and upon the terms of exact equality:

"That while we should welcome the co-operation of other nations, we believe that the United State should not wait upon the pleasure of Foreign Governments or the consent of foreign creditors, but should themselves proceed to reverse the griding process that is destroying the prosperity of the people and should lead by their example the nations of the earth.

"That the rights of the American people, the interests of American labor and the prosperity of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the peoples law makers, than the greed of foreign creditors, or the avaricious demands made by idle holders of capital. The right to regulate its own monetary sytem in the interests of its own people is a right which no free Government can barter, sell or surrender. This reserve right is a part of every bond, of every contract and of every obligation. No creditor or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its own people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all the other debts, and one which is not only dishonest, but treasonable to ignore."

"*Resolved* Further, that public office is a public trust, and that the use of the public patronage for the purpose of moulding public sentiment in the interest of plutocracy, tends to sap and destroy all the rights and liberties of the masses."

"*Whereas*, It is important to organize to enfarce in one State the declaration of principles announced in the resolutions; therefore,

"*Resolved*, That we call upon the people of this State to organize in every county and militia district with the object in view to secure representation in both State and National Conventions who will favor these principles, and who will in good faith carry them out, without any straddling or evasion. And to this end, the chairman of this Convention shall appoint a vice-president from each Congressional district, with two from the State at large, subject to ratification of this Convention. Each vice-president shall see to the organization of bimetallic clubs in each county in this State, and each county shall see to the organization of militia districts and wards of their respective counties and cities. The said vice-presidents shall constitute the State Executive Committee of the bimetallic clubs of the State."

In conformity with the instructions of the resolutions, President Walsh announced the committees. Addresses were then delivered by Hon. Jas. W. Robertson, ex-Congressman Henry H. Carlton, and many other leading Democrats. Among the speakers was Hon. Hewlett A. Hall, the law partner of Gov. Atkinson, who is still confined from his recent dangerous attack of appendicitis.

At 6 o'clock the Convention, amid enthusiasm, adjourned *sine die*.

SO. BIBLICAL ASSEMBLY

In Session at Asheville, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 18.—The Southern Biblical Assembly, held under the auspices of the American Society of Religious Education, began work this evening with an open platform meeting in the First Baptist Church. Mayor Davidson, on behalf of the city, extended a welcome to the Assembly workers, and Rev. Dr. R. F. Campbell, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the churches. Responses were made by General John Eaton, of Washington. President of the society, and by Dr. John McGregory, of Washington, Vice President. The Assembly is held for the study of the Rible and will continue four weeks, with meeting morning, afternoon and evening. The work will be divided into sections; meeting in various churches. There will be a lecture course. Sunday teachers conference, ministers conference: general conferenae, school of English Bible, juvenile Bible school and college faculty conference, young people's assemblies and childs culture club. Lecture course dates will be filled by prominent divines and Bible students in the South.

The Assembly has started off with a good attendance and it is thought will awaken increased interest as the session progresses.

FREE COINAGE MEN.

Meeting of the Executive Committee of the Memphis Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The executive committee appointed at the Memphis Free Silver Convention held a meeting here to-day. The sentiment expressed seems to be that it would not be policy to form a new political party at this time. The leaders seem to favor a campaign of education, of organization, of crystalization, and waiting on the attitude of the old parties.

"Party ties are foo strong in many States," said Congressman Acklen, of Tennessee, "to warrant any attempt at forming a new party at present. The people are with us, but we must wait until their respective parties refuse to recognize the coinage of silver before we ask them to break loose from present ties and cast their lot with a new party."

This sentiment was regarded as the key note of the situation. The meeting this afternoon and evening was informal and the formal conference will begin at to-morrow's session.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Louisville—Louisville, 6; New York, 10.

No game scheduled for to-day between St. Louis and Washington.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Baltimore, 10.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 23; Thiladelphia, 6.

Chicago—Chicago; 2; Boston, 1.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 12; Brooklyn, 4.

New Orleans—New Orleans, 4; Memphis, 2.

Atlanta—Atlanta, 2; Evansville, 3.

Richmond—Richmond, 11; Petersburg, 4.

Montgomery—Montgomery, 11; Little Rock, 8.

Roanoke—Roanoke, 10; Portsmouth, 7

Norfolk—Norfolk, 1; Lynchburg, 6.

FIGHTING IN FORMOSA

Between the Japanese and Black Flags.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 18.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Hong Kong, says that reports of serious fighting between the Japanese and Black Flags in Formosa have been received from Amoy. The fighting took place sixty miles south of Taipeh. The Black Flags were in almost overwhelming numbers and fought with the utmost bravery and stubbornness, and only shells from the heavy guns saved the latter from disaster. As it was the Japanese were compelled to retreat to the northwest. The Black Flags, according to the report, are now advancing upon Teekham, fifty miles west of Tokoham, where renewed fighting is imminent.

WARM WIRELETS.

A cable dispatch from Calcutta announces the death at that place of the Rev. James Liddell Phillips, the widely known Baptist missionary.

The jury in the case of John Collins, accused of murdering Fred P. Ohl, the Princeton college Student, on trial at Trenton, N. J., came in with a verdict of murder in the second degree.

Representatives of all the woolen and worsted concerns in Woonsocket, R. I., have agreed to grant the help whose wages were reduced in 1893 a small increase to take effect August 5th,

Election returns from Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng., show that Right John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland under the Liberal Administration, has been defeated by C. F. Hammond, Conservative.

W. W. Long, formerly of Hughes, Ohio, was arrested at Skyland, Buncombe county, N. C., on a warrant charging him with bigamy. It is alleged that Long has a wife in Ohio and it is certain he was married a few years ago in Skyland.

William Freeman and John Good, colored, were hanged at Greensburg, Pa., yesterday. Freeman murdered his mistress, Gertrude Smith, and John Good murdered a companion named Mac Slaughter, during a quarrel over a game of craps.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Apples and blackberries quiet and lower. Peaches in more moderate receipt and choice strong, better. Pears and plums quiet. Grapes fairly active. Watermelons quiet, choice steady. Cucumbers dull. Tomatoes irregular in quality and prices. Potatoes quiet and weaker. Muskmelons—Per barrel, $1.00 to 4.00; do basket, 75c to $3.00. Blackberries—Maryland and Delaware, quart, 2½ to 5 cents. Plums—Wild goose carrier, $1.35 to 1.75; do case, 50 to 75 cents, do botan carrier, $1.00 to 1.75. Grapes—Florida, case, $1.50 to 3.00; do Georgia, basket, 20 to 35 cents. Pears—Le Conte, barrel, $3.00 to 3.00; do crate, 40 to 65 cents. Watermelons—100, $8.00 to 18 00; do car load, $50 to 1.75. Apples moderate and dull; per crate, 40 to 60c. Huckleberries—Maryland and Delaware, per quart, 4 to 6c. Peaches—per carrier, 50c to $2.00; do per crate, 40 to 75c; do per basket, 25 to 60c. Cukes—Norfolk, per barrel, 60 to 75c; do per basket, 20 to 30c. Egg plant—Florida, half barrels, $1.00 to 1.50; do per barrel crate, $3.00 to 3.00. Onions—Maryland, potato basket, $1.00 to 1.13; do per barrel, $2.00 to 2.25; do Virginia, potato barrel, $1.75 to 2.00; do per basket, 75c to $1.00; do Tennessee, per barrel, $2.25 to 2.37. Potatoes—rose, $1.50 to 2.25; do Chili red, $1.50 to 1.75; do culls, 75c to $1.00. Tomatoes—Savannah, per crate, 50 to 75c; do per carrier, 50c to $1.00; do Charleston do 75c to $1.00; do Norfolk do 75c to $1.50; do Maryland do carrier, $1.00 to 1.75.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

THE STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on bird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

For Rent—After 1st October, House at present occupied by W. S. Croswell. Clayton Giles. jy 19 3t fr su we

If you can spare the money go down to Craft's and secure a bargain in Furniture. He sells at actual cost. jy 19 3t

For Rent—Partially furnished Cottage on Summer Rest Sound, containing six rooms, with privilege of bath-house. Ten minutes walk from Wrightsville Station. $50 for balance of season. Apply next door at residence of Mr. M. Cronly for key. jy 19 1t

For Rent—No. 308 South Front street, at present occupied by Mr. James Sprunt, F. A. Lord, Agent. july 18 tf

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade secrets, formulas, receipts etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co, Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. jy 16 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by E. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Flour, Molasses and Syrup, wholesale and retail at bottom prices, together with a full line of Groceries, Tobacco and Snuff. If you chew Tobacco call and be convinced that I can give you the best, either by the plug or box, and cheaper than you can buy it elsewhere in the city. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover.

Hansen & Smith,
vs.
Argyle Lumber & Shingle Co,

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county to the undersigned, Receivers appointed in the above entitled cause, directed, we will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at Public Auction at the Court House Door of Robeson county, in Lumberton, N. C., on the 25th day of July, 1895, the following described property. One saw and shingle mill situated at Alma, Robeson County, N. C.

GEO. H. HOWELL,
G. B. PATTERSON,
Receivers.

For fuller description of the above property apply to Geo. H. Howell, Wilmington, N. C., or G. B. Patterson, Maxton, N. C. je 25 30t

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR.
23 tf

Great Removal SALE

Commences 1st July.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

Beginning on the 1st July we will give

20 Per Cent. Discount

on everything we carry in stock (except Shirtings, Sheetings and Patterns).

Dry Goods

Will be cheaper than ever before and you will never have an opportunity to buy them as cheap as we offer them during this SALE.

The 20 per cent. discount is applied to the

Regular Selling Price.

A great many goods will be sold for less than 20 per cent. discount and these goods will be placed on counters and marked at

Special Prices.

Do not forget that we do a

One Price

Business and everything is marked with plain figures. You purchase your goods at the marked price and get 20 per cent. discount on the whole amount.

Save 20 Per Cent.

out of every dollar you spend. It is the chance of your life to lay in a stock of staple

Dry Goods.

Every Lady in the city should purchase her BLACK GOODS now.

This sale will continue until we move into the store now occupied by Mr. P. Heinsberger.

Persons owing us will confer a favor by coming forward and settling their accounts before OUR REMOVAL.

We close on Saturdays at 1 o'clock.

June 30 tf

SAVE MONEY

By buying your footwear where there's the greatest variety to choose from.

Tennis can never claim the lawn so indisputable as we hold first place with our array of bottom prices. Call and be convinced.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jy 7 tf

MERCER & EVANS

Are in a position to sell

GOOD SHOES

EXTREMELY CHEAP,

And They Are Doing That Very Thing.

Call and see them at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, where Mercer & Gaylord for the past six months have made such a loud noise about LOWEST PRICES.

We will be glad to have a call from you all.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

jy 16 tf 115 Princess St.

FISHBLATE'S

Annual

Clearing Sale

Commencing

THURSDAY, JULY 11,

—FOR—

FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY.

WE MUST MAKE ROOM FOR OUR

Fall Stock

Our Loss Your Gain.

All New and Well Made Goods.

Imported

CLAY WORSTED SUITS

$10, Worth $17.50.

Imported Black Cheviot Suits, Sewed With Silk, $7.00.

All Wool Cassimere Suits $5.98.

Colored Cleviot Suits $6.95, equal to any $12 to $15 Suits in the City.

Children's Suits,

PRICES CUT IN HALF.

Sailor Suits 85c, worth $1.50

All Wool Suits $1.50, worth $3.00.

COMBINATION SUITS,

Extra Cap and Pants $2.50, worth $5.00.

Laundried Cheviot Shirts for Men former price $1.25, now 50c.

Full Dress Laundried White Shirts 50c.

Our $1.50 quality for $1. Our 50c Neckwear 25c.

Hats, Hats, Hats

You can save 50c to $1.50 on a HAT.

Fine Black or Brown Alpine HAT. Sold everywhere for $2.00, our price $1.00.

Black or Brown Derby, sold everywhere for $2.00, our price $1.00.

Balance STRAW HATS at your own price. If not satisfied come back and get your money.

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

july 19 tf

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

30 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

may 28 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

What Have We Got?

Why a $10,000 stock of notions to slaughter in the next 20 days. We have just bought the entire stock of notions of Morris Bear Bros., on Front street, Wilmington, N. C. This large stock must go and will be sold way below the jobber's cost. It consists of Pants, Shirts, Underwear, Towels, Buttons, Hosery, Collars and Notions of all kinds. This stock will be sold regardless of cost and merchants are respectfully invited to call and look and see what we have to offer in the way of bargains. There is a big propotion of this stock solid staple goods. Ball cotton, all colors. White ball cotton, 30 balls to the pound, 18c a pound; ball darning cotton at 35c a pound; hanks from 20 oz. up. Gent's Handkerchiefs, been selling at 60, now 37½c. Mosquito net at 33⅓c a bolt, all colors. 200 dozen spools batting cotton at 5c per dozen spools. 40 dozen fans to close out 100 dozen men's shirts from $1.90 a dozen up. This line we are closing out at at least 40 per cent. less than they are worth. 1,000 dozen Hosiery, all styles, to close at 33c up. 150 Lap Robes for buggies to close out. They are extra value. Good, large and pretty robes at 50c each; better ones at 74c to $1.50; these goods are vey cheap. A big stock of Stationary, Inks, Pens. Men's Pants from $4.50 per dozen up. Jumpers at $3 per dozen up.

We cannot describe the different things we have to slaughter. These bargains are free to all.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.
of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
july 14 tf

White Yacht Caps,

ALL SIZES.

19 Cents.

Ladies' High Crown Sailors—White and Black,

23 Cents.

A SPLENDID MATTING,

10 Cents.

Curtain Poles, all Colors, complete,

18 Cents

NEW PERCALES,

5 Cents.

Patent Leather Sandles—All Sizes,

98 Cents.

Lots of other Bargains at

J. H. Rehder & Co's.

Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00. Phone 118. july 14 tf

It's Smoking Hot.

But not too hot to smoke with pleasure, or to chew, for that matter.

A fine smoke or a good chew is a luxury that but few smokers or chewers can or care to deny themselves of.

CIGARS.
Yucatan,
Royal Blue,
Veveta,
Panatellas,
Havana Pines,
Superior Sweepers,
Tambor Magor,
Little Tillies,
Duke of Spain,
Herman Cortez,
La For de Teller,
Conchas Especials (direct from Key West.

CHEWING TOBACCO.
Hancock's Pocket Piece,
Hancock's Maritana,
Gravely's Five Pound,
Wedding Cake,
Gravely's 9-in 48,
Drummond's Horse Shoe (natural leaf)

CIGARETTES.
Dukes,
Old Gold,
Cross Cut
English Specials,
Marshall's Cubeba, Dr. Blosser's Catarrh.

SMOKING TOBACCOS.
Seal of North Carolina (Plug Cut and Granulated)
Duke's Mixture, Cornell's Mixture, Pick Leaf, Pride of Rocky Mount, Durham Long Cut, Cow Boy, Ben. Tranato, Virginia Creepers (Finest on the Market), Durham's Bull and Drum Mixture.
For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

je 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Turnip Seed, Fall Crop.

Just arrived.

Low Prices. Large Stock.

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Write for quotations.

may 7 3m

Bagging and Ties.

25,000 Yards Bagging.
1,000 Bundles Ties.

Let us quote you before making contracts for this season.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

July 17 tf D&W

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Shingles, Shingles.

75,000 heart and sap SHINGLES, from 5 to 7 inch, in lots to suit. Will be sold at or below cost.

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.
BAGGING AND TIES.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jy 18 D&W tf